



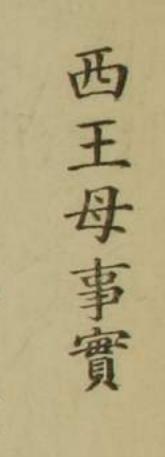
Pang Tao

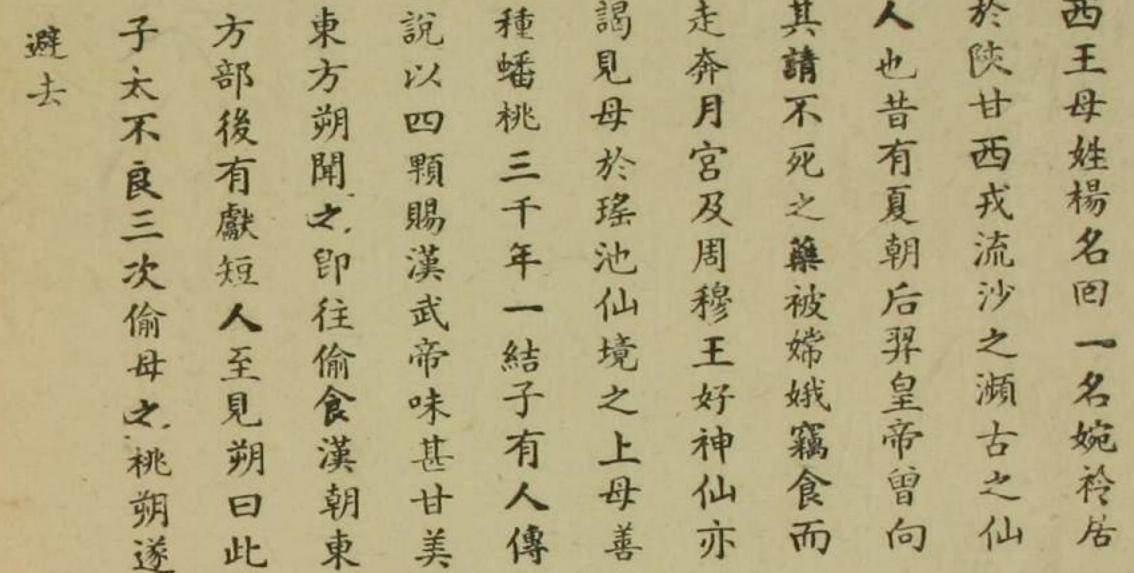
(Flat Peaches)

EIDHT FAIRIES FESTIVAL

a festival held on the 3d of the 3d lunar month in honor of the-

-Goddess Hsi Wang mu





HSI WHNG-MU (King's Mother of the West)

Hsi Wang-mu is an ancient fairy princess, Her maiden surname is Yang (楊) and her name is Hui (四), alias Wau chin (旋衿) She is sud to dwell on the beach of Swift Sandf(流沙) in the Western Frontier(西戎), i to have troops of fairies and genii under her command,

Once Emperor Hsie Hou-i(夏后界), of Hsia Dynasty (2205-1766 B.C.). who was afamous archer, asked for elixir of immortality from Hsi Wang-mu. but Ch. ang E 嫦娥, a beautifullady, stole the elixir and fied with it to the moon where she was changed into a frog,

Later Fmperor Chnu mu wang周移王; of Chou Dynasty 1122 255 B.C. was very much interested in fairies; He paid call on Wang, mu at Yao Ch, iu 瑶池; apool in fairyland in the country of Hsi Wang mu.

Wang, mu is well, known in planting P, ang Tao蟠桃, flan peaahes, that bear fruits once every 3000 years, it is said that she bestoped four pieces P, ang Tao en Emperor Han Wu-ti 漢式帝 of he Han Dynasty 306 B, C, 200 A; D: Its taste was so sweet and deliciots that Tuog Fang-shuo: 東方朔 a minister of Wuti stoie and ate the peaches, Subes Quently when the Easteru Frontier Tribles presented dwarf to wu ti. the dwarf upon meeting Feng shno told the Empeor that Tung was a bad egg having had three times stenol wang mus peache.





一十而六於按無杖該生,動東國歷河本廟民鬚六仿 是六元號清,邊有壽機是植風歷四神節宇見節,刊 也分則午明角也節星成以,拂四月位又,之杖第王 。,見夜節爲。,滿告足相拂月謂時云傳,,十本老 約於十候天 蓋面潛徵繼, 見之, 得聚係五史 國殼二,河以春伏漫而萬之。壽一元長宇南頁記 歷雨時約衆 示風而漫生象一星農角生以極,, 四午廿國星 隶,攸,蓬是,歷二馬寡老紀封 月夜四歷之 生鬚久冬周勃時每三宿。,人老禪生 廿十分四一 之頒不月有:也於月, 乃星者書 或二見月, 攸白息一毀與。季或抵 為,,, 甘時之.五而久,切傷凡 春國天 建几白第

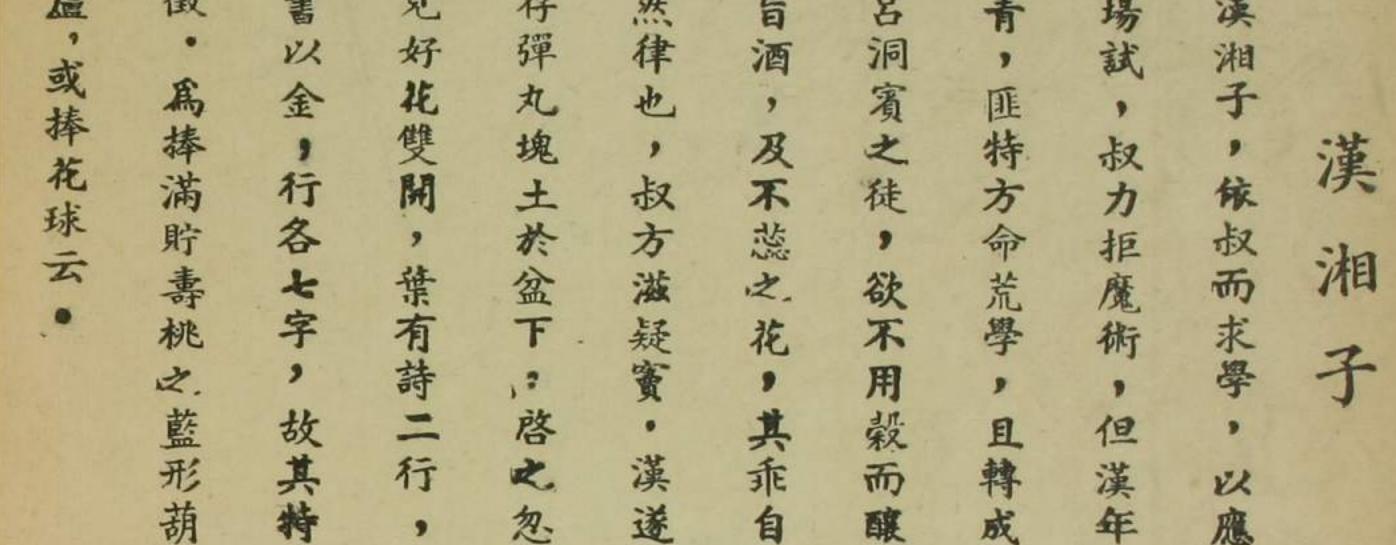
LAO SHOU HSING The Star of Longevity.

There are two stories in connection with Lao Shou Hsing. The first 估利 王本史記 封禪書第六第十五版 Feng Kan Wang Pen Shih Cht Feng Shan Snu Number 6 toho 15 states that the old gentlemen with white beard and gasrled staff represents the South Pole Old man Ster, When people are able to get a vision of this star tee whole world is at peace Temples have been built to this stas in order to secure long life and prosperity

The same article about Lao Shou Hsing says that when the two signs of the Zodac 角 Chiao and 元 k. ang rerch thr position of 辰 Ch en in their celestial journey (which is usually during the 3rd moon or in Aprile they are called 壽星 Shou Hsing, or The Star of Longevity, The reason for this id that these signs how up during the 3rd Moon (or usually April) when the Spring air brings forth renewed activity ameng all kinds of life. As the Spring an advances all living caeatures and plants grow in order y sequence and nothing is harmed. These facts show that altho, life has been bormant in some ways ouring the long wintes months, in fact life is never extinguished, Teere fore. The star of Longevity is represented as an old man With White beard carrying a gnarled staff He bas a smile on his face as he is ever able to tell the world tlat life goes on and on for eternify.

Note. The (角) Chiao sign of the Zodiac appears in the heavens at the time of the 清明 Coiag Ming Pure Brightness Festival, which usualy occurs about THE 5TH or 6TH of April, at 12,24 midnig bf,

THE 元Kang sign of THE Zopiac may be seen at 12;16 midnight during THE 穀雨 Ku Yu Grain Rain Festival, wnich usually occurs on or about the 20tbot 21st of April.



HAN HSIANG TZU was entrusted to his uncle to be educated and prepared for public examinations. His uncle was a strennous opponent of all torms of magic, contrary to The wishes of his uncle. The yuth did nots tudy for The public examinations but instead became a convert of Lu Tung pin He wished to be able to produce good Wine without The use of any grain and also to be able to cause flowers to bloom instantaneously. When The uncle expressed doubt as to his being abla to defy the laws of nature. Han Hsiang put a little earth under a basin and upon lifting it disclosed two flower son the leaves of which were written in gold characters a poem, two lines of seven characters each The characteristic of Han Hsiang is a gourd shaped basket ful of The peaches of immortality and held in The two hands. Sometimes he is also represented holding a bequet of flowers.





李鐵

LI TIEN-KUAI was originally a man of good stature and fine appearance From early youth dhe evoted himself to an ascetic hee living in the mountains for more than forty years, He sat on a reed mat and of ten forgat to ent of sleep Being of the same surname, Li, as Lao Tzu, he besought the Great Master te descent to the eerth to teach him the mysteries of life, From time to time Lao Tzu appeared to Li and taught him the vanity of all earthiy things. Sometimes Lao Tzu aiso summoned Li to intervieWs in his heavenly abode, It was when Li was on one of there trips with Lao Tzu to the countries of Hai-yu ahat he left his maferial body in charge of of his disciple, Lang Ling wifeh instructions to crembte it if he dld not return within seven days. On the sixth day the disciple was calle home to visit his sick mother and decided to cremate Ll, s perishable body. According to his original plan Li returned on the seventh day from his celestial journey, only to find that hisbody had been cremated and that he had no abode. On looking around he found the body of a lame beggar who had just died, and Li took this for his own double or astral body. He procured an iron staff (tieh kuai) to aupport the defoimed body which he ead adopted as his own and from this phtaine i the name of Li T, ich-kuai, He ia accredited with many be evolent deeds, such as bringing to life the body of the mother of the disciple who cremated his original body. In the from of an old men be sold drugs in the uarket place which conl cure any kind of disease' and vhile there he hung a gou don the wall of the house, Into this gourd he retired at night, going out the following day to attend to his sales. He preterred to associate with the poer and needy thes accurring a reputation for benevolence. The characterisiic of this Immortal is the all shaped boay of a beggar, who carries antiron st aff in his hand and a gou don hisbcek.



階戴也入,完,而,天何道形呂以常刑勸性曹 ;城,第居得人一而告曹以道一而洞濟昭律之謹國 及冠故八上参之,尋爾曰乃對耶,上賓貧,你歸慈舅 其,其之空八列授:,示,鐘事朝,不可正,曲 朝右象選八仙:以已一以伊何吕,造入可逃其端仁 覲手徵,洞中越求领心之等在詰曹訪山避,力正宗國之執:以,數全悟即心又耶之巨之,歸也惟,皇國 特版係其極蓋日之事天,日。日,月隱一天語有后駕權:衣性欲其,方物,二。一,相,,網之弟之男 云以宦近使他如,之.天客天曹一我與鐘恆無日放弟 。示袍乎曹七所俾源即莞何乃是方交離出形,蕩也 官,仙列子願居矣道蘭在指道學談偕金而一,,

TSAO KUO CHIU was a younger brother of the Empress Jen Tsung-He was a man of exemplary character who attempted to persuade his dissolute brother to lead a good life He said to his ho ther, "You may escape the penativ of the law, but you can never elude the net of heaven which is invisible but always present" He gave all his money to the poor and retteated to the mountains where he lived as a reclne. He was visited by Chung Li and Lu Tung Pin with whom he conversed about spiritual matters, He said, "I am engaged in studyitug the Way," "What Way and where is it" they asked. He pointed to the sky "Where is the sky "they went on, He pointed to his heart The two viasitors smiled and said; The heart is the sky and the sky is the Way, you understand the origin of things. Then they gave him a recipe for pe fection to euobe him to take his place among the perfect ones, In a lew deys he reacheld this conditon; He blenme one of the eight immortals because fne other seven who occupied the eight grottoes in upper spheres wished to see the eighth inhabite and nominated him because his disposition resembled that of a genie, His characteristies are that he is dressed in of ticial robes, wears an official hat; and carries in his right hand a tablet signifying his rank and his right to imperial audience.



張 國

老

CHANG KUO LAO, The type or emblem os an old man, At firs the was a hermit He was frequently invited to court by the emperort bu the persisnertly refued to go At Jast, pressed once more by Empress Wu he conseuted to leave his re treat, but was Struck down at the gate of the tample His body began to dacay and to be eaten by worms; when lo he was seen again, alive and well, on the mountains, He rode on a white male which carried him thousands of miles in a day and which when the journey was fluished, he folded up like a sheet of paper and put away in his walleg When he againrequired its services he had only to spurt weter upon the packet from his mouth and the animal at once assumed its proper shape. At all times he performed wonderful feats of necromancy. He is usually seen mounted on white mnle. sometimes facing its head sometimes its tail He carries a phoenix feather or a peach of immortality. He entertained the emperors with a varety of magical tricks, such as rendering himself invisible, drinking a cup of aconite, and felling bir ls or tloflowers by pointing at them Apitcure of Chang Kuo Lao sitting on a donkey and offering a descendant to a newly married couple is of ten tound in the nuptial chamber.



Ho HSIEN KU. An immortal reprosented as a maiden holding in her hand a magic lotus blosom, the flower of open heartedness or peach of immortality At her birth six hairs were found gowing on the crown of her head and it is said that she never had any more, the pic ures represend her with a full head of hair. She elected to live on 'mother of pearl'mountain. In broam she ewa spirit who ordered her to powder and eat one of these pearl stones from the mounain by doing which she could acquire both agility and number the mountain, She complied with this injunction and also vowed herself to a life of virginity, Her days were then ceforth passed in floating from peak to roak bringing at night to her mother the fruits she collected on the mountain, She gradually found that she had on need to eat in order to live Her fame having reached the ears of the empress, She was invited to court but white journeying thither, suddenly disappeared from mortal view and became an immorta.



LAN TSAI HO, is always represented as a youth bearing a backet of fruits and blaying a fiute There has been much dispute as to the sex of this personage. Some state that Lan was a female. She wandered abroad in a tatterd blue gown held by a black wooden belt, without foot shoeless, wearing in summer an undergarment of wadded material and in winter sleeping on the snow, her breath rising in a brilliant cloud like Steam from a boiling cauldron, in this suise ahe earned her livelihood by singing in the streets kecqing time with a wand three feet long, When given money she either strung it on a cord and waved it to the time of her song or scattered it on the ground for the poor to pick up. One day she was found to have become into-xicated and while in that state disappeared on a cloud having thrown down to earth her shoe, robe belt, and castanets.



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LU TONG-PI N was five feet two inches tall and at twenty still unmarried, At this time be mede a journey te Lu Shan, where be met the fire dragon who presented him with a magic sword which enabled him at will to hide himselt in the heavens. He met Han Chung-li and pro ised to do all he could to aid in the work of converting his fellow creatures to the true Octrine In order to become worthy he was first exposed to a series of en thmptations, These being successfully overcome he was invested wits supernatural powers and magic weapons, with which be traversed the empire. slaying dagons and ridding the earth of divers kinds of evils, during a period upwards of four bundred years, One time he was going about in the guise of an oil sellers intending to immortralize all who did not a k for additional weight to the quality of oil purchased, During a whole year he met only one old lady who alone did not ask for more than was bar. The So he went to her house ane seeing a well in the courtyard threw a few grains of rice into it The water miraculously turned to wine form the aale of which the old ludy amassed great wealth. He was skill ul in fencinh and is always reprp ented with his magic sabre. In one hand he hoids a "fly whish 'or" cloud sweeper in the form of a horse, stail. This is the Taostisymbol of being able to fly through the air and walk upon tha clouds of heaven.



HAN CHUNG LI is reputed to have lived in the Han dynasty He was one of the searchers for immortality and was a mountain recluse, His characteristics are a bearded face and a fan to which is attached a tassel of horse hair, His fan is a magic fan with which he can revive the dead One day in wanderining abou the came upon a young woman weeping at the grave of her deceased, husband Upon inquiring the reason for her presence there she seplied that she was waiting for the grave to dry, for as soon asit became dry she was to marry agian, Thereul on HanChung-li began to fan the grave and instantly the husb and came to life,

